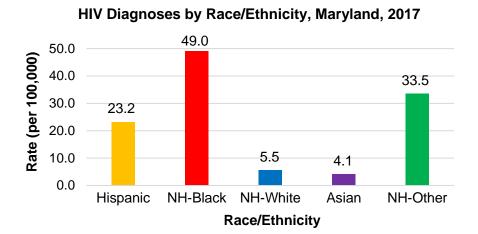
HIV BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MARYLAND, 2017

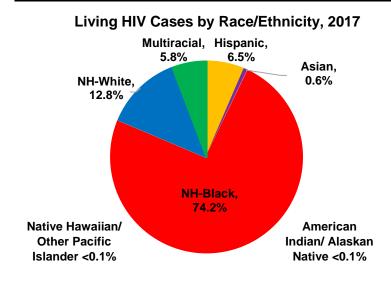
September 2018

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 1,040 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2017 in Maryland, 70.8% were among NH-Blacks and 14.2% were NH-White.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2017 were 1-10 times higher among NH-Blacks (27.8 per 100,000) compared to all other races.



Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV



- 74.2% of the 30,566 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV (with or without AIDS) in 2017 were NH-Black.
- HIV case rates are highest among NH-Blacks (1,509.8 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the NH-White rate (146.5). 1 in 66 NH-Blacks in Maryland were diagnosed with HIV.
- High HIV case rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,910.7) and Hispanic (433.2) individuals, with 1 in 230 Hispanics in Maryland living with HIV.
- 52.3% of NH-American Indian/Alaskan Native cases and 41.5% of NH-Black cases reported HET exposure, while MSM was the most common exposure among NH-White (61.7%), NH-Asian (55.3%), and Hispanic (50.1%) living HIV cases.
- Of the total Maryland living HIV cases who had a viral load test reported in 2017, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Blacks (82.6%).

NH: Non-Hispanic HET: Heterosexual Exposure MSM: Men who have Sex with Men	
Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Manyland Department of Health	Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing transmission category. Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only. Data reported through 06/30/2018 from the Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System.